Iran Capital Market



Securities and Exchange Organization of Iran

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List of Abbreviations and Acronyms

ATS	Automatic Trading System
CD	Certificate of Deposit
CSDI	Central Securities Depository of Iran
ETC	Exchange-traded Commodity
FIPPA	Iran's Foreign Investment Promotion and Protection Act
GLCs	Government-linked Companies
IFB	Iran Fara Bourse
IME	Iran Mercantile Exchange
IOSCO	International Organization of Securities Commissions
IPO	Initial public offering
IPS	Investor Portfolio System
IRENEX	Iran Energy Exchange
KYC	Know Your Customer
OIETA	Organization for Investment Economic and Technical Assistance of Iran
SEO	Securities and Exchange Organization
SFP	Structured Financial Products
SGF	Settlement Guarantee Fund
TSE	Tehran Stock Exchange
-	

DEFINITION OF FOREIGN INVESTORS AND INVESTMENT

Foreign Investor

"Non-Iranian natural and/ or juridical persons or Iranians using capital with foreign origin, who have obtained the [required] investment license..." and "any legal entity that has been registered in a country other than Iran".

Strategic Foreign Investor

"a foreign investor who intends to possess over ten percent (10%) of a company's shares listed on the exchange [TSE] or on the OTC market [IFB] or that, upon possession of the shares of a company listed on the exchange or on the OTC market, fills a seat on that company's board of directors".

Foreign Capita

"All types of capital, including cash or non cash that has been imported into the country by foreign investors...".

Rights and Facilities

- Foreign investments shall enjoy the same rights, protections and facilities available to domestic investments in a non-discriminatory manner;
- Foreign investors shall

be authorized to trade in securities market on the exchange or on the OTC market within the scope indicated in the trading license;

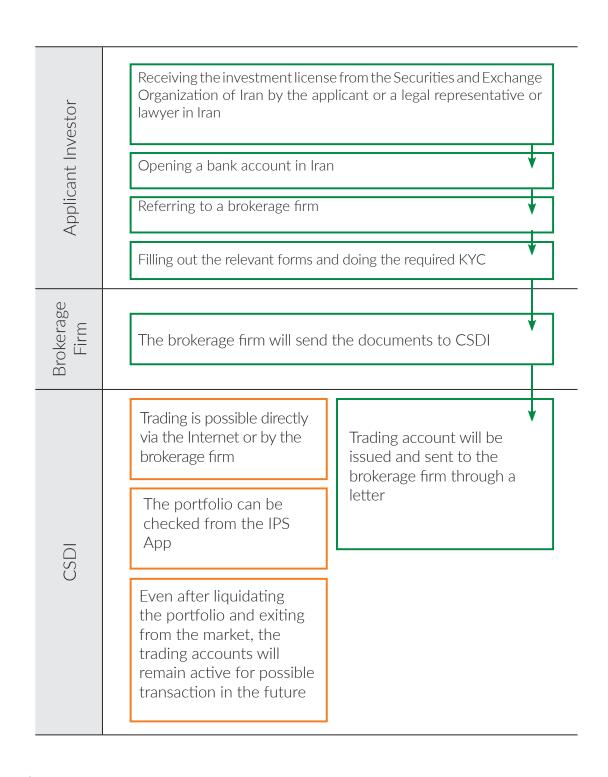
- The number of shares owned by the total foreign investors shall not exceed twenty (20%) percent of the total shares number of the companies listed on the exchange or on the OTC market or twenty percent (20%) of the shares number of any company listed on the exchange or on the OTC market:
- The number of shares owned by any foreign investor in any company listed on the exchange or on the OTC market shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the shares number of such company;
- The strategic foreign investors shall not be allowed to sell the original shares they have purchased for a period of two years without the SEO's approval;

HOW TO ENTER THE MARKET

- 1- Receiving the investment license from the Securities and Exchange Organization of Iran by the applicant or a legal representative or lawyer in Iran:
- 1-1-To introduce a legal representative or lawyer, the steps below must be taken:
 - 1-1-1-Appointing a legal representative or lawyer with an official power of attorney approved by a notary public in the origin country;
 - 1-1-2-The approval of the power of attorney by Iran embassy in the country in question;
 - 1-1-3-Official translation of the power of attorney by an official translation office in Iran.

- 2- Opening a bank account in Iran;
- 3-Referring to a brokerage firm (listed on en.seo.ir);
- 4-Filling out the relevant forms and doing the required KYC:
- 5- The brokerage firm will send the documents to CSDI and then trading account will be issued and sent to the brokerage firm through a
- 6-Trading is possible directly via the Internet or by the brokerage firm;
- 7- The portfolio can be checked from the IPS App;
- 8- Even after liquidating the portfolio and exiting from the market, the trading accounts will remain active for possible transaction in the future.

Receiving the investment license from Organization for Investment Economic and Technical Assistance of Iran (OIETA) by the applicant or a legal representative or lawyer in Iran is optional but recommended;



MARKETS: AT A GLANCE



The TSE is Iran's first and largest equity market. Launched in February 1967, **TSE** listed companies initially and later on accompanied by other financial instruments such as treasury bonds and certain state-backed certificates.

As of today, TSE is the pioneer market in Iran with more than

Trading Model

330 listed companies from 40 diverse industries (as of January 2020). The Market Act, ratified in November 2005, restructured Iran capital market, resulting in the establishment of the Securities and Exchange Organization as the supervisory body and the TSE as the equity market. TSE previously known as "Brokers

Organization" used to be a mutual non-governmental public organization whose board members were mainly appointed from brokerage however. firms: since 2006, it has turned into a demutualized exchange, selfregulatory public joint-stock corporation.

Trading Model	
Legal Structure	Public Corporation (Self-listed)
Status	Self-regulatory (under SEO's supervision)
Trading Venue	Tehran (+1500 trading access points nationwide)
Trading Days	Saturday to Wednesday
Trading Hours	8:30 to 9:00 (Pre-opening) 9:00 (Opening based on Theoretical Opening Price) 9:00 to 12:30 (Continuous auction
Trading System	Automatic Trading System (ATS), Order-Driven
Trading Mechanism	Opening auction, Continuous trading
Securities	Equity Shares and right offerings, Sukuks, ETFs, Embedded Put option, option, Futures
Order Priority	Price, time
Market Making / Liquidity Providing	ETFs, Sukuk (Mandatory) Other Securities (Elective, unless listed since 2017)
Daily Price Fluctuation Limit	Shares (±5%), Right offerings (±10%), Bonds (±5%), Futures (±5%)
Available Real-Time Data	Prices (open, close, high, low), three best bids & asks, indices, Companies' data
Close Price Calculation	Weighted average based on reference volume
Foreign Investment	Allowed
Equity Trading Commission (buy+sell)	%0.939 + %0.5 transaction trading tax payable by seller

Listing Process

Do muimo monto	First Market		Canand Maylest
Requirements	Main Board	Secondary Board	Second Market
Registration with SEO	√	√	√
Public Joint-Stock Co.	√	√	√
No Accumulated Loss	√	√	√
Positivity of Last Two Years' Accumulated Operational Cash Flow	√	√	√
Profitability of the Last Fiscal Year	√	√	√
Audited Financial Statements for Last Fiscal Year	√	√	√
Minimum Market Capitalization (million USD)	28.5	14	6
Minimum No. of Shareholders	1000	750	250
Minimum Free-Float Shares (%)	20	15	10
Minimum Activity Record (Years)	3	3	3
Minimum Profitability Periods (Fiscal Years)	3	2	1
Equity to Asset Ratio (%)	30	20	15

Settlement

	Settlement Time
Equity, Derivatives, ETFs	T+2
Fixed- Income Securities	T+1



IRAN FARA BOURSE

Iran Fara Bourse Securities Exchange (IFB) was incorporated on November 12, 2008, to be a gate for majority of companies to enter the capital market and enhance their corporate governance and their businesses by providing easier listing requirements.

Providing IPO and Trading services to the listed companies, IFB sets a strategy to diversify the range of instruments to respond to every risk appetite in the market and every need for fund raising for the entire lifecycle of the companies, by securitizing assets and liabilities.

Nowadays, Iran Fara Bourse offers a wide range

of products and services to the market; Listing, IPOs and Trading in different sections of Equity market as well as providing a platform for Unlisted Securities Trading (UTP). Also, In Structured Financial Products Market (SFP), various types of Sukuk, CDs, Mortgage Rights and Funds are available.

Additionally, IFB owns a market for Privatization Government-linked Companies (GLCs), which is a host for Mergers and Acquisitions as well as Intellectual Property listing. And recently few derivatives instrument were added to the list of securities at IFB which will be deeper in near future.

First and Second Markets

As the main markets for trading equity shares and their right offerings but enjoying more functions than

the ones in the TSE, the first and second markets in the IFB have fewer conditions and requirements for listing.

Dt	First Mandard	Caranal Mandark
Requirements	First Market	Second Market
Registration with SEO	√	
Public Joint-stock Co.	√	
No accumulated loss	√	-
Profitability of last fiscal year	√	-
Minimum Market Capi- talization (million USD)	3.3	0.3
Minimum No. of Share- holders	200	-
Minimum Free-Float Shares (%)	10	5
Minimum Activity Record (Years)	2	1
Minimum Profitability Periods (Fiscal Years)	1	-
Equity to Asset Ratio (%)	15	-

Base Market

Public limited companies whose shares are not listed on any of the markets but, as all public companies have to, are registered with the SEO and are eligible to be traded on this market with no restrictions. Registered companies are categorized into the following groups:

1. Public companies which do not tend to be listed but according to the laws and regulations have been registered;

- 2. Companies which are registered but do not meet listing requirements, and
- 3. Companies which are delisted from the TSE or IFB. Convenient private placement, transparent ownership transfer, fair shares pricing, and tax relief for companies are among the advantages of this market.

Third Market =

The IFB third market has been designed for specific types of transactions. Four services are provided mainly to institutional investors in this market as follows:

- Private Placement: private/public limited company including stateowned and private which is not listed on the capital market. and also not registered at the SEO can request to sell a percentage of its share in this market.
- Stock Repurchase: A company which is listed on the capital market may

- intend to buy back a specific number of its outstanding shares. Companies which chose the exit strategy or are delisted from the TSE or IFB would opt for this market.
- ■Underwriting: The market acts as the primary destination underwriting various securities.
- Intellectual Property: The most recent market in Iran capital market to promote and support inventions, researches and new ideas and direct them to industrial investors and venture capitalists.

Modern Financial Instruments Market

All types financial of instruments: especially Islamic securities approved Securities by the and Exchange High Council, are eligible to be listed and traded on this market:

- Certificate of Deposit (CD):
- Sukuk (Murabaha, Ijara, Musharaka);
- Housing Mortgage Right (HMR); and
- ETFs



IRAN MERCANTILE EXCHANGE

Established on 20 September 2007 from the merger of the Tehran Metal Exchange and the Iran Agricultural Exchange, IME trades in agricultural, metal and mineral, oil and petrochemical products in the spot market and gold coin in the futures market. The Exchange handles over 26 million tons of commodities

on an annual basis worth in excess of 14 billion USD. IME caters to both the domestic and regional markets, bringing together a host of trade participants and market makers from the capital market community, trade and industrial sectors, hedgers, retail and institutional investors.

Trading Floor	Local	Export
Venue	Tehran	Kish Island
Commodities	All listed commodities	Industrial Oil By-Products & Petrochemicals Agricultural
Markets	Spot, Derivatives, Peripheral	

Markets =

1) Physical Market:

The spot trading platform of the exchange which host various standard base commodities traded as the feedstock of the downstream industries. Commodities are traded on the main market of IME in the form of cash, credit and SALAM contracts. Types of products are traded in the agricultural sector, metal and mineral sector, and oil and petrochemicals products.

Side market: Runs the market for unconventional products and non-exchange or off-grade products in the form of auctions in the spot market trading platform

Export Pit: The export pit of the IME was launched in 2007. Commodities that are offered on the export ring are solely for the purpose of exporting to the outside the borders of Iran and it is not possible to use and transfer it within the country. The transactions in the export ring are similar to the domestic ring and the export trading floor is located in Kish Island.

2) Derivatives market:

Comprises of futures and

options trading. IME provides futures and option contracts on saffron, cumin seed and pistachios.

Financial market:

The financial market is based on financial instruments such as standard parallel SALAM. Commodity Certificates of Deposit, and ETCs. The purpose of these tools in this market is to finance producers. Through various instruments, it has been tried to encourage other investors, in addition to the commodity sector activists, to participate in funding the producers.

Commodities

IME facilitates the trading IME's Listed Commodities of commodities and products on Different Trading Floors through its markets.

Main Group	Sub-Group	Commodities	
	Industrial & Mineral	Steel, Copper, Iron Ore, Aluminum, Zinc and rare metals concentrate, gold bar	
	Agricultural Products	Barley, Wheat, Maize, Sugar, Crude Vegetable Oil, Frozen Chicken, and Meals, Saffron, Cumin seeds, Pistachios	
Spot Market	Petrochemical Products	Polymers, PP, PE, LDPE, aromatics, SBR feed stocks, MS, PS	
	Oil Products	Lube Cut, Insulation, Base Oil, Bitumen, Vacuum Bottom	
	Side Market	Various Products with Non-Continuous Offering: Steel, Scraps, Polymers, Zinc, Chemicals, Minerals, Feeds, Copper, Sulfate, Lime	
Derivatives Market	Futures Contracts	Cumin seed, Saffron, pistachios	
Derivatives Market	Options Contracts	Gold Coins	
Financial Market	Certificates of Deposit	Gold Coins, Maize, Barley, Pistachios, Saffron	
	Investment Funds	Gold Coins	



IRAN ENERGY EXCHANGE

The Iran Energy Exchange established in was accordance with the Act in July 2012. The geoeconomic situation of Islamic Republic of Iran and its rank as one of the world's largest oil and gas producers, plus its outstanding infrastructure in electrical power and other energy resources has made the existence and expansion of an energy exchange inevitable in Iran.

As the Statute of the IRFNFX as а selfregulatory commodity exchange- stipulates that all energy carriers and energy based derivatives shall be listed and traded on one of the IRENEX markets. The company's mission is to develop a market in which trades are done under transparency, efficiency and liquidity.

Some significant and most important benefits of listing and trading on Iran Energy Exchange are as follows:

■ Tax exemption: According

- 'The Development of New Financial Instruments Law", 10 percent of the tax on income resulting from the sales of commodities listed and sold on commodity exchanges is relieved from tax.
- Immunity from the formalities of tenders and auctions: According "The Development of New Financial Instruments Law" and clauses of yearly budget laws, selling and purchasing of commodities listed on commodity exchanges which trade based on the rules and regulations of these exchanges, do not need to hold auctions, tenders and other formalities of sort, through ministries, government, public executive organizations.
- Privilege of marketing and supply in the domestic and international rings through the network of brokerage members and trading platforms of IRENEX.
- Possibility of providing

- required commodities by the means of a transparent and fair mechanism in IRENEX.
- Financing and managing the risk of suppliers and buyers by financial instruments in IRENEX.
- Risk hedging and procurement for diverse time periods. Reducing trade costs for customers compared to deals made regardless of the exchange (including costs of closing a contract, marketing and etc.).
- Reducing risks associated with trades such as failure to fulfill obligations by the counterparties and etc.
- Presence of standardized and defined contracts also guaranteeing the standard and quality of commodities traded on the exchange.
- Possessing comprehensive regulatory framework for listing, trade, deposit registration, clearing and settlement of commodities and commodity based securities.

Market Structure

IRENEX consists of four markets which are the physical, derivatives, other marketable securities and subsidiary markets. In the physical market, commodities. and listed in the derivatives market, commodity based securities are traded on the exchange. Single-shipment and offgrade commodities can be traded on the subsidiary market. The physical market itself has three panels of power, oil & gas and other energy carriers. The derivatives market has three panels in which specific contracts are traded. These contracts include: Parallel Salam Contracts. Futures **Options** Contracts and Contracts. Also each panel has two rings, domestic and international. On the physical market, trades are conducted in the form of spot, credit, Salam or premium discovery contracts.

	Physical	Derivatives
Boards	Electricity Oil Gas Other energy carriers	Electricity Oil Gas Other energy carriers
Contracts	Spot Credit Salam	Standard Parallel Salam Futures Options
Trading Floor	Domestic International	Domestic

Based on this, all energy carriers, provided that the supplier has a reliable reputation in the listed commodity's market, have the possibility of fair price discovery considering the volume of supply and if the commodity has no limitations regarding the legal pricing and monopoly supply of or demand. Furthermore, commitments stated in the Listing of Commodity & Commoditybased Securities Instruction must be presented by the

applicant, all of which must be approved by the Listings Council or Supply Committee of IRENEX as a "main" or "similar" commodity.

On the physical market of IRENEX, based on the number of suppliers on a certain symbol, the trades are done in one of the following methods: Auction, All-Electronic and Wholesale Supply.

Trades on the derivatives market are also done by the all-electronic method.

Resources of IRENEX —

- 70 brokerage companies with the license to trade on IRENEX.
- Over 20 oil & gas refineries as suppliers
- More than 10 chemical plants and several coke making and tar refining companies.
- More than 40 private and public power plants.
- 39 electricity distribution companies as buyers (all distribution companies).
- Over 20 electricity retailers licensed by the Energy Ministry.
- Listing and trade of more than 250 commodity-suppliers and contracts.
- All-electronic trading platform specially designed for physical and derivatives markets
- All-electronic platform for registration, deposit and settlement of trades.

Listing procedures in IRENEX =

other financial instruments Exchange Listing Council and Commodity & Commoditybacked Securities Instruction. Based Listing on Commodity & Commodity-

The listing of products and backed Securities Instruction application for admission takes place under the and listing together with the supervision of Iran Energy documents subject of the present "instruction" must be according to the Listing of submitted to the exchange by the admission advisor and be registered with the exchange.



CENTRAL SECURITIES **DEPOSITORY OF IRAN**

Founded in 2005 as a public joint stock company, Central Securities Depository of Iran (CSDI) is the sole registry entity and custodian in the Iranian capital market using the hybrid registry system with a fully dematerialized book entry system.

Enjoying a history of 45 years, the Iranian capital market was demutualized in 2005 and as a result, CSDI was legally segregated from the rest of the capital market and commenced to work as an independent and separate entity. It is the central registrar and clearing house for all the exchanges in Iran including Tehran Stock Exchange (TSE), Iran Fara Bourse (IFB), Iran Mercantile Exchange (IME), and Iran Energy Exchange (IRENEX).

It takes over the registry, clearing, and settlement issues related to equity, Islamic securities (Sukuk), derivatives, energy contracts, electricity, mercantile products by means of a full-fashioned registry system and multi-currency (USD, IRR, Euro) with a high netting efficiency of 85 percent.

The prospects of CSDI are to prepare the infrastructures indispensable for efficiency, continuity, and growth of the economy of the markets under its cover. CSDI provides thriving and secured financial investment infrastructures to contribute to the development of a fair and transparent capital market both nationwide and worldwide by guaranteeing security and efficiency in the

capital market and safekeeping investors' financial properties. Responsible for taking care of post-trade-related tasks, ranging from the deposit and registration of securities to the clearing and settlement of the transactions carried out in the financial market, it plays a significant role in managing systemic risk. To this purpose, CSDI has designed and launched the service Settlement Guarantee Fund (SGF), along with other measures, towards managing the risks related to the clearing house.

Not only is IT a crucial element in CSDI roles, but also developing the capital market infrastructures in the pre- and post- trade functions is not achievable unless through IT solutions.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS



- Equity
- Futures
- Options
- Sukuk
- ETFs



Iran Fara Bourse

- **SUKUK**
- Funds: ETFs, **ETCF, VCFs, Fund** of Fund, Private **Equity Funds,**
- Crowdfunding
- Mortgage Rights
- Islamic Treasury Bills
- **Put Option**
- **Call Option**
- Merger &
- **Acquisition**
- Underwriting &
- **IPOs**
- Intellectual
- **Property Market**
- Finstars



- Industrial
- & Mineral,

Agricultural

Products

- Petrochemical
- **Products**
- Oil Products
- **Futures Contracts**
- Certificates of
- **Deposit**
- Investment Funds



- Electricity
- Oil
- Gas
- Other Energy

Carriers

- Spot
- Credit
- Salam
- Standard Parallel

Salam

- **■** Futures
- Options

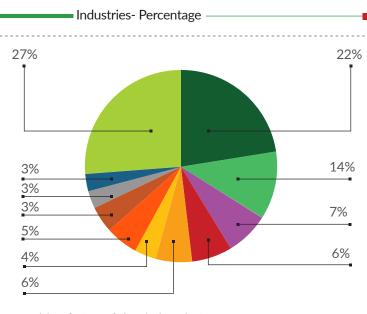
MARKET ATTRACTIVENESS

INDUSTRIES & FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS •

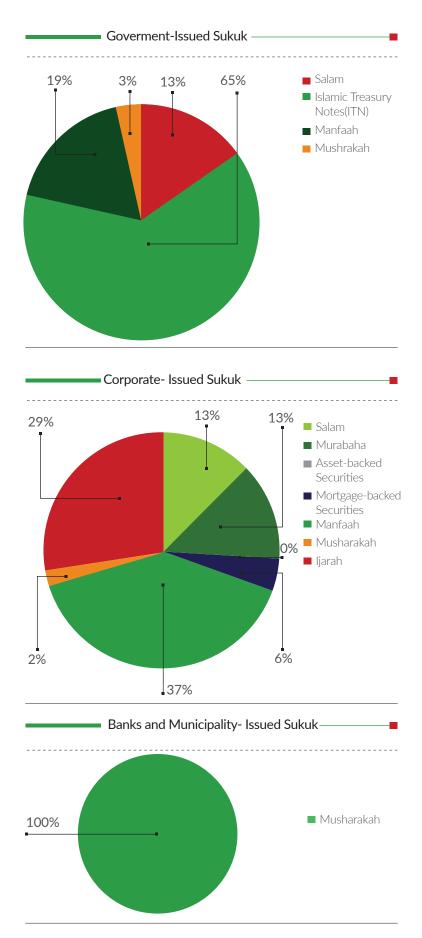
Iran geographically is located in a region that benefits from a wide range of natural resources. This attribute gives capital market in Iran.

in the country. So, it is a great chance for investors to diversify their portfolio.

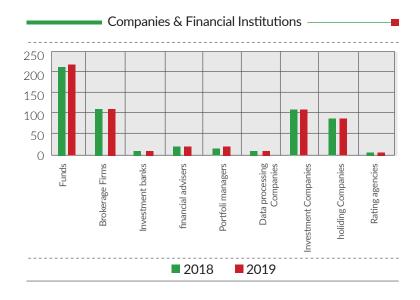
Additionally, there is a miscellaneous collection financial instruments and institutions that boost more attractiveness to the the chance of financing and satisfy investors with Iran capital market covers different levels of risk-taking. many of the active industries Here is information about active industries, financial institutions and issued sukuk in 2019.



- Manufacture of chemical products
- Manufacture of basic metals
- Mining of metal ores
- Manufacture of coke, refined petroleum products and nuclear
- Banking and financial institutions
- Multidisciplinary industrial activities
- Pharmaceutical products
- Automotive and manufacturing
- Post and telecommunications
- Electricity, gas, steam and steam supply
- others



Companies & Financial Institutions	2018	2019
Funds	213	215
Brokerage firms	108	108
Investment banks	9	9
Financial advisers	17	17
Portfolio managers	14	20
Data processing companies	5	5
Investment companies	107	109
Holding Companies	83	83
Rating Agencies	1	3
Total	557	569



TAX INCENTIVES

Tax exemptions are among those factors that has a considerable effect investors decision making process. A list of Iran's capital market tax exemptions is presented below.

- 1. Tax exemption on profit (loss) of shares and share rights: In most financial markets, investors have to pay taxes on capital gains; while this does not apply to the Iranian capital market under article 143 of the "Direct Taxation Act".
- 2. Tax exemption on share dividends: according note 4 of article 105 of the "Direct Taxation Act". the income from investments is tax-exempt. While in many countries, investors must pay dividend tax separately.
- 3. Tax exemption on mutual funds proceeds: according to note 1 of article 133 of the "Direct Taxation Act", this exemption creates a great attraction for mutual funds and directly benefits their investors. With this article in place, the return of these funds increases and more resources are attracted to them.
- 4. Tax exemption on the transaction of units: according to article 7 of the "Law

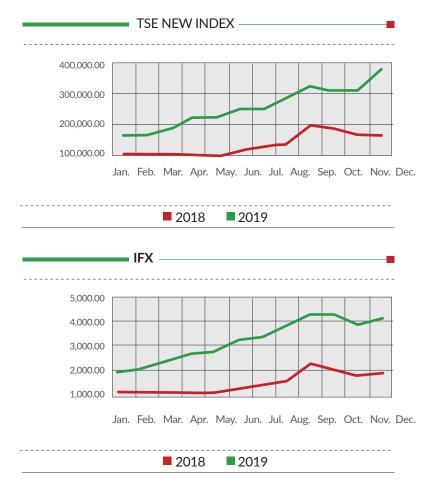
- for Development of New Financial Institutions and Instruments", the income of issuance and redemption of funds' units will be exempted from paying income and value-added taxes to increase their attractiveness.
- admissibility of share dividend and transaction fees: according to note 2 of article 7 of the "Law for Development of New Financial Institutions and Instruments", The profit and fees paid or allocated for securities as referred to in note (1) of this article, excluding the dividend and shares of companies, and the profit gained on investment units of funds, on the condition of registering these securities with the Organization, shall be regarded as parts of acceptable expenses for assessment of taxable income of such securities issuer.
- 6. Tax exemption of SPVs: according to article 11 of the "Law for Development of New Financial Institutions and Instruments", the SPV shall be exempt from payment of any tax whatsoever and transfer tax, charges and income tax for that category of the assets for which the funds are raised through the issuance of securities for public offering. Moreover, in article 12 of this

- law, the proceeds gained from selling assets to the SPV so as to provide financial resources through the public offering of securities shall be exempt from tax and no tax and charges whatsoever shall be levied on the transfer of such securities.
- 7. Exemption of income tax for listed and OTC companies: according to article 6 of the "Law for Development of New Financial Institutions and Instruments", ten percent (10%) of the income tax of the companies whose shares have been listed for trading on the domestic or foreign exchanges and five percent (5%) of the income tax of the companies whose shares have been listed for trading on the domestic or foreign OTC markets shall be exempted with the approval of the SEO.
- **8.** Tax exemption for goods sold on commodity exchanges: according to article 6 of the "Law for Development of New Financial Institutions and Instruments", ten percent of the income tax gained from the sale of the commodities listed on the commodity exchanges shall be exempted subject to the approval of the SEO.

MARKET PERFORMANCE

The commitment of listed companies to providing and disclosing quarterly, semiannual and annual financial statements and essential updated reports has made the TSE and IFB more transparent and easier to monitor. Moreover, the TSE and IFB as equity markets are

the best places to collect public savings and inject into the production system. TSE New Index and IFX had a growth of 133.58% and 119.37% respectively in December 2019 in comparison with December 2018. The trend of indices changes is presented below.



INVESTORS PROTECTION

A. INVESTOR EDUCATION

Leading the investment flows and liquidity into the capital market where the businesses can finance and boost the production is considered a major need for economic development. So one of the main steps is inviting investors to the capital market, but they may hesitate since they suffer from lack of information about market environment and investment mechanism.

The SEO looks at investor education as a road toward a successful market and as a consequence a flourishing economy.

Regarding the importance of enhancing financial literacy, the SEO has undertaken many programs and executed lots of educational plans. Some of the initiatives in this regard are presented here.

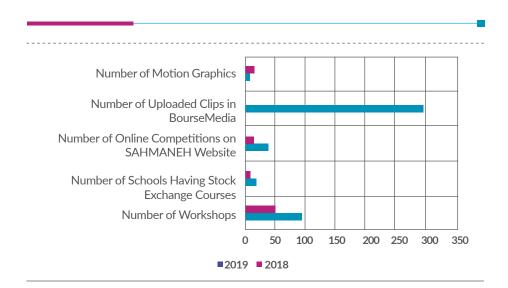
1. Publishing books: there are plethora of books shedding light on the basics of investment, and introduction on financial instruments and institutions. The complete list of the books published in this realm is accessible on

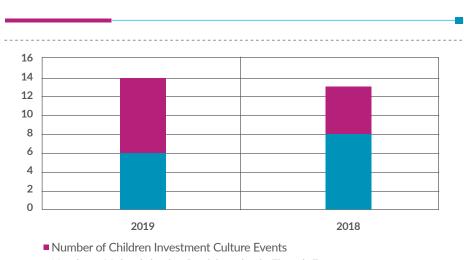
http://www.boursepub.ir.

- 2. Making promotional clips and games: On a regular basis, the SEO, through SIDSCO, has some promotional advertisement, clips, and games created based on the emerging needs of the capital market participants aiming at educating current investors and investors-to-be. The SFO has made sure these clips, advertisement, and games are extensively seen, broadcast, and played through different platforms.
- 3. Conducting financialcompetitions related for different ages: there different forms of competition held and organized different ages by SIDSCO, the most important of which is Stars League of Stock Market.
- 4. Organizing and holding domestic and international events: SIDSCO organizes and holds different domestic and international exhibitions, fairs, seminars and gatherings for the public. One of the outstanding events the SEO, SIDSCO. holds through annually is International Exhibition of Bank, Exchange and Insurance (FINEX).

- 5. Close cooperation with other relevant entities: the SEO has been working jointly with the Ministry of Education to include financial subjects in school curricula so that students get more familiar with the topics of investment.
- 6. MBA and DBA of Capital Market: The main goal of Capital Market's MBA and DBA courses is training aualitative and skilled workforce which are held in 2 terms. Additionally, there are scholarships for applicants who needs financial assistance.
- 7. Capital Market Qualification Exams: The SEO in order to determine the professional competence standards for employment in capital market financial institutions, holds and supervises Capital Market Qualification Exams that lots of applicants take part in, every year.

Also, here is information about SEO's educational activities in form of figures.





Number of Schools having Participanting in Fintech Events

■ Secure Environment

The SEO is responsible for providing an environment in which the investors feel protected and safe. These preconditions could summarized into three main factors: education. market efficiency and applicable regulations and instructions. Knowledgeable investors in an efficient market with practical rules and regulations will feel protected and this is what the SEO makes efforts to achieve.

The following table presents some of the systems which guarantee investor protection & education in the market.

Title	Address	Function
Codal System	codal.ir	Comprehensive Database of All Listed Companies
Capital Market Regulations System	cmr.seo.ir	Presenting Capital Market Regulations
SEO Comprehensive Education System	icmc.seo.ir	Professional Certifications Affaires
Comprehensive Virtual Exchange for Investors	irvex.ir	Investment Rehearsal
Financial Literacy Enhancement	investor.seo.ir	To Enhance the Level of Financial Literacy

Enhancing Transparency and Creating a Fair Market

The SEO attempts to create a transparent and fair market by continuously enacting and revising bylaws and instructions and also by inspection of the entire market participants. This environment wins the investors' trust and adds more depth to the market. The investors' trust in the capital market is on the top of the SEO's priorities and will get even stronger in the future by the SEO's commitment and novel measures.

line with IOSCO's standards and also to enhance transparency and prevent mis-buying, misselling and dissemination of mis-information. the SEO established the Office for Whistleblowers.

Also, the SEO in order to disclosure enhance and transparency with ultimate objective to provide an effective market for the investors has recently departmentalized the Issuers Affairs into four offices. The newly-established offices are Office of Supervision on Chemical Group, Office of Supervision on Financial and Services Sector Issuers. Office of Supervision on Industry and Mine Group and Office of Supervision on Trusted Auditors and Financial Reporting.

Deeping and Widening Market by Introducing New

Financial Instruments and Institutions and Listing New Companies

For deepening the market, the SEO plans to introduce more novel and newer Shariah-compliant financial instruments and also issue licenses for establishing new financial institutions.

It is worth noting that several new approvals have already been made by the SEO in this regard. Wakala, Mudarabah, Reinsurance Sukuk and also credit rating agencies services for Sukuk issuance are among recent promising events that make the market more diversified and offer more investment opportunities for the investors.

The SEO is working hard in

this realm to introduce more investment products and entities.

Having a Bigger Share in **National Economy**

The stock market's effect on the gross domestic product (GDP) is undeniable. A flourished market can boost the GDP and accordingly the national economy. But the main challenge is how to increase capital market's share in GDP.

Supporting new businesses and startups are best ideas for making the future of the economy. Also, inviting new industries to the capital market will boost the diversity and improve the chance of

investment. Additionally, one of the prominent problems, unanimously agreed, is that the people are not that familiar with capital market rules and mechanism, but the SEO has been working round the clock to enhance and boost the level of financial literacy of current potential investors and pave the way for more industries and companies to participate in the capital market.

Although, funds emergence in the market decreased risk of investment significantly, but the SEO has many ongoing plans for improving investment culture and knowledge by means of publications, educational

centers, virtual space and also applying new financial instruments and institutions which are low risk but more practical.

Expanding International **Relations and Strengthening** the SEO's Status in **International Settings**

- More active participation in international associations,
- Linking Iran's capital market to target markets,
- Promoting Iran's capital market in international settings,
- Protecting foreign investors in Iran's capital market.

RELEVANT RULES & REGULATIONS

The regulatory and legal amendments and revisions. infrastructure of the Iranian Below the main regulations capital market encompasses related to foreign investment the entire sectors and has been depicted. All these activities of the market and rules and regulations are has always been subject accessible on to continuous and precise https://en.seo.ir/.

1.	Securities Market Act of The Islamic Republic of Iran
2.	The Law for Development of New Financial Instruments and Institutions
3.	The Anti-Money Laundering Act
4.	The Executive Bylaw of The Securities Market Act
5.	Executive Bylaw of the Anti-Money Laundering Act
6.	The Bylaw Governing Foreign Investment in the Exchanges and OTC Markets
7.	The Rules Governing Issuance of Securities Transactions License to Foreign Investors
8.	Iran's Foreign Investment Promotion and Protection Act (FIPPA)
9	Executive Directive of Regulations Governing Foreign Investment in Iranian Exchanges and OTC Markets

INTERNATIONAL MEMBERSHIP



International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) is the international body that brings together the world's securities regulators and is recognized as the global standard setter for the securities sector. IOSCO develops, implements and promotes adherence to internationally recognized standards for securities regulation.

The SEO became an associate member of IOSCO in 2016. Then it became an ordinary member of IOSCO in 2018. The SEO is a member of AMERC, GEM, Listing Group Task Force, Fintech Network Task Force and Sustainability Finance Task Force in IOSCO.



The Islamic Financial Services Board (IFSB) serves as an international standard-setting body of regulatory and supervisory agencies that have vested interest in ensuring the soundness and stability of the Islamic financial services industry, which is defined broadly to include banking, capital market and insurance.

The SEO became a member of IFSB in 2011.



The Standing Committee for Economic and Commercial Cooperation of the Organization of the Islamic Cooperation (COMCEC) is the main multilateral economic and commercial cooperation platform of the Islamic world. COMCEC serves as a central Forum to address the common development problems of the Islamic Community and provide solutions to them.

The SFO became a member of COMCFC in 2012.



IFIE is a global organization that supports the building of stronger resources for strategies and programs implementing financial education, financial capability and investor education goals within and across jurisdictions and within and across organizations. IFIE has a diverse worldwide membership of securities regulators, SROs, central banks, financial education program deliverers, exchanges, networks of associations and individuals engaged in education and service to individual investors and seeks to use those global networks to create impact on the ground including through a regional chapter program which includes IFIE Chapters in Americas and Asia, and Chapters being built in Africa and Europe.

The SEO became a member of IFIE in 2018.



The purpose of the World Federation of Exchanges is to contribute to the development, support and promotion of organized and regulated securities and derivatives markets, in order to meet the needs of the world's capital markets in the best interests of their users.

The TSE, the IFB, and the IME of Iran are members of the World Federation of Exchanges.

RELEVANT WEBSITES

	https://en.seo.ir/
	https://tse.ir/en/
	https://www.ifb.ir/
	http://en.ime.co.ir/
The state of the s	http://en.irenex.ir/
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